



# Stalled to Soaring: Michigan's Path to Educational Recovery

### Agenda

- Background on ETM
- Trends in student achievement nationwide
- A closer look at Michigan's declining student performance
- Lessons learned from leading education states: Tennessee and Massachusetts
- Michigan's path to educational recovery

#### **Our Mission**

- The Education Trust-Midwest works for the high academic achievement of all Michigan students, pre-kindergarten through college.
- Our goal is to close the gaps in opportunity and achievement for all children, particularly those from low-income families or who are African American, Latino or American Indian.

#### **About the Education Trust-Midwest**

- The Education Trust-Midwest is nonpartisan, independent, data-driven and researchbased.
- ETM is a statewide education policy, practice and advocacy organization.
- ETM was a leading organization in the 2011 tenure reforms and has researched educator evaluation throughout the state and country for more than two years.

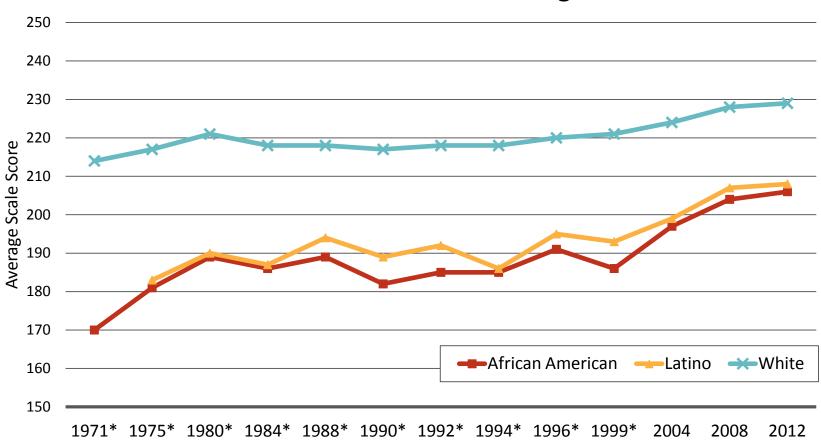
# The Good News: Narrowing Gaps and Soaring Achievement

### **Achievement Improving Nationwide**

- Highlights from the 2012 NAEP Long-Term Trend Assessment:
  - Achievement of African-American and Latino students at all ages has risen significantly in reading since the 1970s
  - Although the gaps between African-American and Latino students and their white counterparts remain large, they have narrowed by as much as 50 percent
  - In reading, the black-white achievement gap is the smallest it has ever been for 9-year-olds
  - Among 17-year-olds, the black-white and Latino-white gaps in reading have narrowed by about half

### Large Gains for All Groups of Students, Especially Students of Color Nationwide

9 Year Olds - NAEP Reading

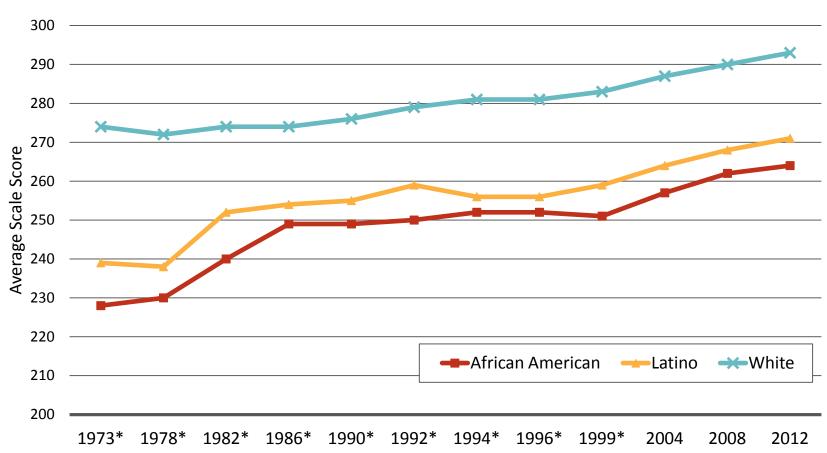


<sup>\*</sup>Denotes previous assessment format

Source: National Center for Education Statistics, "The Nation's Report Card: Trends in Academic Progress 2012"

### Performance for All Groups Has Risen Dramatically Nationwide

13 Year Olds - NAEP Math



<sup>\*</sup>Denotes previous assessment format

Source: National Center for Education Statistics, "The Nation's Report Card: Trends in Academic Progress 2012"

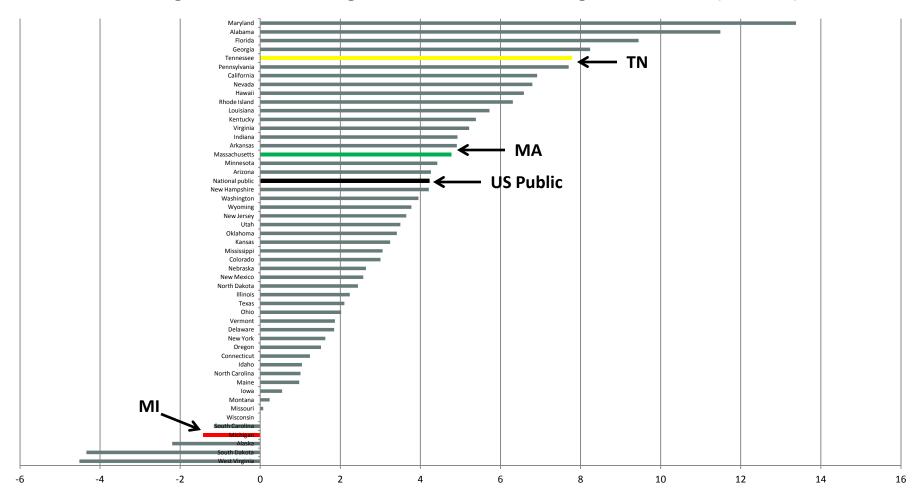
# The Bad News: Michigan's Students Lag Terribly Behind Nation

### Michigan's Education Recession

- Statewide Achievement
  - In fourth-grade, Michigan ranks in the bottom 5 states for improvement in both math and reading over the last decade
- African-American & Latino Achievement
  - African-American fourth-graders rank last in math in 2013.
  - Ten years ago, Michigan's Latino students ranked in or near the top half of the country in fourth- and eighth-grade math and reading. In 2013, their rank *fell* in all four subjects, and now rank near the bottom in fourth- and eighth- grade math.

### Ten Year Growth in Reading Scores by State

Average Scale Score Change, NAEP Grade 4 - Reading - All Students (2003-13)

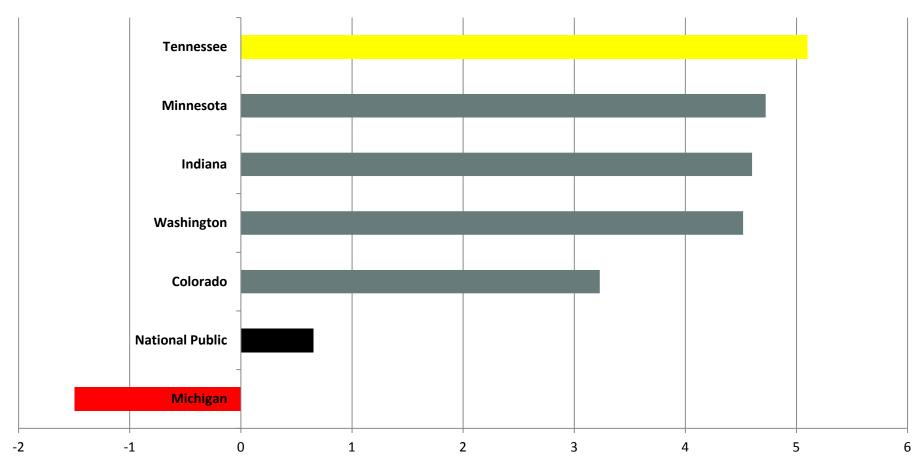


Note: Basic Scale Score = 208; Proficient Scale Score = 238

Source: NAEP Data Explorer, NCES

### MI Losing Ground on 4<sup>th</sup> Grade Reading

Average Scale Score Change, NAEP Grade 4 - Reading - All Students (2011-13)



Note: Basic Scale Score = 208; Proficient Scale Score = 238

Source: NAEP Data Explorer, NCES

Relative Rank of All Students 2003-2013

	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013
4 <sup>th</sup> Grade Reading	28 <sup>th</sup>	30 <sup>th</sup>	30 <sup>th</sup>	34 <sup>th</sup>	35 <sup>th</sup>	38 <sup>th</sup>
4 <sup>th</sup> Grade Math	27 <sup>th</sup>	32 <sup>nd</sup>	32 <sup>nd</sup>	38 <sup>th</sup>	41 <sup>st</sup>	42 <sup>nd</sup>
8 <sup>th</sup> Grade Reading	27 <sup>th</sup>	29 <sup>th</sup>	32 <sup>nd</sup>	32 <sup>nd</sup>	28 <sup>th</sup>	32 <sup>nd</sup>
8 <sup>th</sup> Grade Math	34 <sup>th</sup>	33 <sup>rd</sup>	36 <sup>th</sup>	36 <sup>th</sup>	36 <sup>th</sup>	37 <sup>th</sup>

Note: Rankings are among all 50 states Source: NCES, NAEP Data Explorer

Relative Rank of African-American Students 2003-2013

	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013
4 <sup>th</sup> Grade Reading	38 <sup>th</sup>	39 <sup>th</sup>	36 <sup>th</sup>	44 <sup>th</sup>	45 <sup>th</sup>	<b>42</b> <sup>nd</sup>
4 <sup>th</sup> Grade Math	37 <sup>th</sup>	40 <sup>th</sup>	40 <sup>th</sup>	43 <sup>rd</sup>	44 <sup>th</sup>	44 <sup>th</sup>
8 <sup>th</sup> Grade Reading	29 <sup>th</sup>	33 <sup>rd</sup>	38 <sup>th</sup>	37 <sup>th</sup>	34 <sup>th</sup>	33 <sup>rd</sup>
8 <sup>th</sup> Grade Math	35 <sup>th</sup>	32 <sup>nd</sup>	39 <sup>th</sup>	42 <sup>nd</sup>	42 <sup>nd</sup>	41 <sup>st</sup>

Note: Rankings are among the states that reported data for African-American students.

Source: NCES, NAEP Data Explorer

Relative Rank of Latino Students 2003-2013

	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013
4 <sup>th</sup> Grade Reading	22 <sup>nd</sup>	15 <sup>th</sup>	13 <sup>th</sup>	25 <sup>th</sup>	26 <sup>th</sup>	24 <sup>th</sup>
4 <sup>th</sup> Grade Math	16 <sup>th</sup>	25 <sup>th</sup>	20 <sup>th</sup>	31 <sup>st</sup>	32 <sup>nd</sup>	40 <sup>th</sup>
8 <sup>th</sup> Grade Reading	5 <sup>th</sup>	13 <sup>th</sup>	38 <sup>th</sup>	13 <sup>th</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>	21 <sup>st</sup>
8 <sup>th</sup> Grade Math	4 <sup>th</sup>	12 <sup>th</sup>	35 <sup>th</sup>	19 <sup>th</sup>	13 <sup>th</sup>	43 <sup>rd</sup>

Note: Rankings are among the states that reported data for Latino students. Source: NCES, NAEP Data Explorer

### Michigan's Education Recession

- Higher-Income Student Achievement
  - Ten years ago, Michigan's higher-income students ranked above the national public average in fourth-grade reading and math and eighthgrade reading.
  - Today they rank 38th in fourth-grade reading, 32nd in fourth-grade math, and 31st in eighth-grade reading.
- Urban Student Achievement
  - When Detroit Public Schools students first took this test back in 2009, national experts said that no district had scored lower in the test's history
  - Only 7 percent of the city's fourth-graders were reading on grade level in 2013

Relative Rank of Higher Income Students 2003-2013

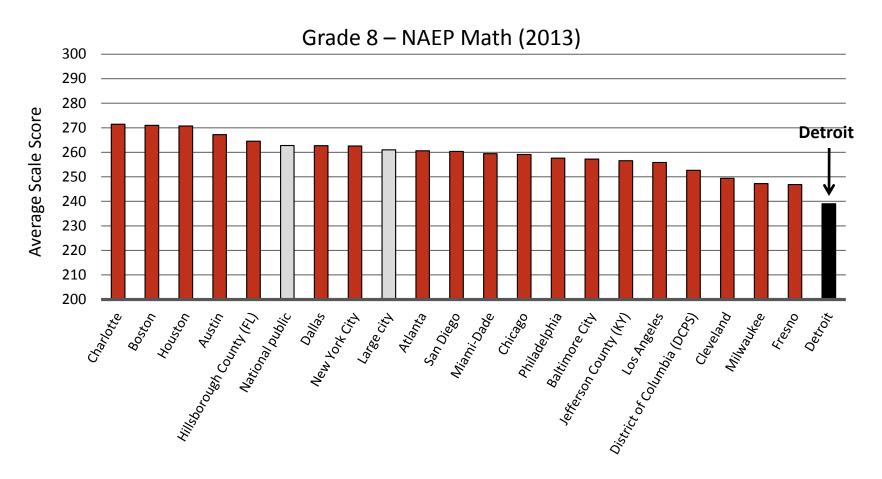
	2003	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013
4 <sup>th</sup> Grade Reading	24 <sup>th</sup>	35 <sup>th</sup>	36 <sup>th</sup>	36 <sup>th</sup>	35 <sup>th</sup>	38 <sup>th</sup>
4 <sup>th</sup> Grade Math	20 <sup>th</sup>	29 <sup>th</sup>	35 <sup>th</sup>	35 <sup>th</sup>	43 <sup>rd</sup>	32 <sup>nd</sup>
8 <sup>th</sup> Grade Reading	21 <sup>st</sup>	37 <sup>th</sup>	36 <sup>th</sup>	31 <sup>st</sup>	30 <sup>th</sup>	31 <sup>st</sup>
8 <sup>th</sup> Grade Math	34 <sup>th</sup>	35 <sup>th</sup>	38 <sup>th</sup>	39 <sup>th</sup>	40 <sup>th</sup>	39 <sup>th</sup>

Note: Rankings are among all 50 states Source: NCES, NAEP Data Explorer

### **Charter School Achievement**

- Both traditional public schools and charters have highperforming schools, many mediocre schools and too many low-performers
- Stanford University's CREDO research center found that 80 percent of Michigan charter schools perform below the state average in reading and 84 percent perform below average in math
- Looking only at high-poverty schools that have been open for three or more years, we can see that many Detroit charters perform the same or worse than Detroit Public Schools

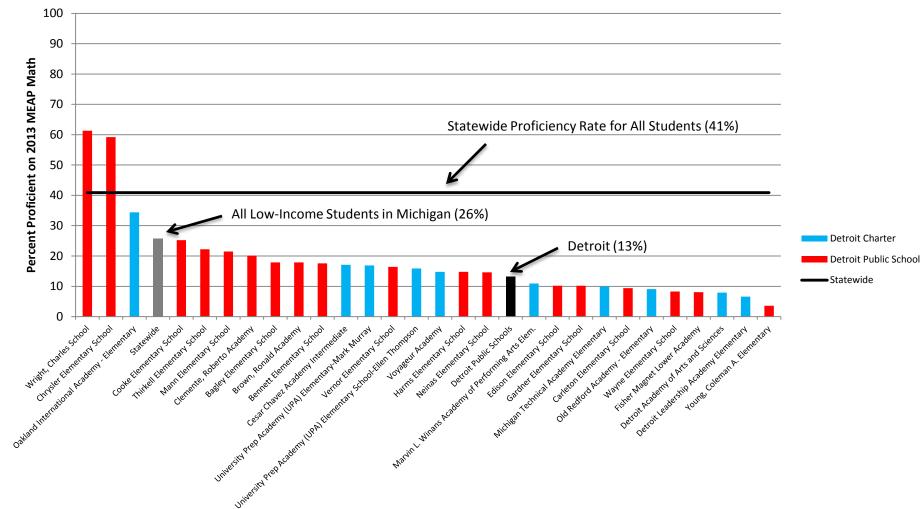
#### **Detroit African-American Students Last in Math**



Note: Basic Scale Score = 262; Proficient Scale Score = 299

Source: NAEP Data Explorer, NCES

### Low-Income Students' Math Performance Similar in Detroit High Poverty Charter and Traditional Public Elementary Schools – 2013



Source: Fall 2013 MEAP Four Year (Gap Analysis). CEPI, Fall 2012 Building Data, Free and Reduced Lunch Counts.

Note: Elementary schools have enrollment in at least one grade 3-6 and no grade 7 or grade 8 enrollments. High poverty schools are in the top quartile of percent of students who qualify for free or reduced-price lunch, which means that 72% or more students are low-income. Only schools with three years of MEAP data are included.

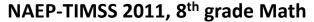
# The Good News: Leading Education States Provide Hope & Proven Strategies

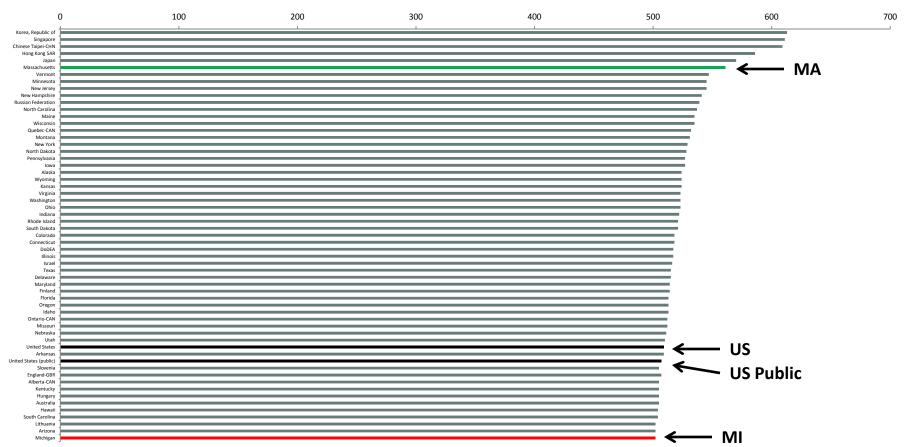
## A Global Model for Learning: Massachusetts

### A Global Model for Learning: Massachusetts

- If Massachusetts was a country, its eighth-graders would rank 2<sup>nd</sup> in the world in science and 6<sup>th</sup> in the world in math.
- Michigan would rank well below Slovenia and nearly half the other states in science.
- On 2013 NAEP, Massachusetts gained 20 points in math for low-income eighth-graders—roughly the equivalent of two additional years worth of math instruction
  - In other words, Massachusetts' low-income eighth-graders are about a year and a half ahead of their Michigan counterparts in math

### Massachusetts Near the Top in Math Worldwide

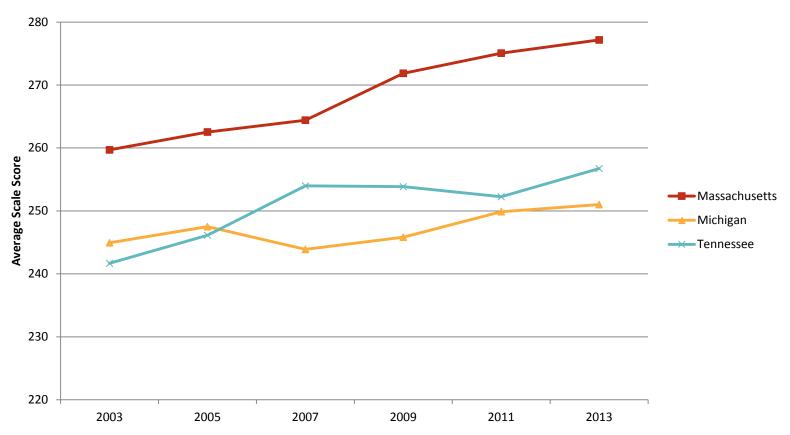




Source: U.S. States in a Global Context: NAEP-TIMSS Linking Study

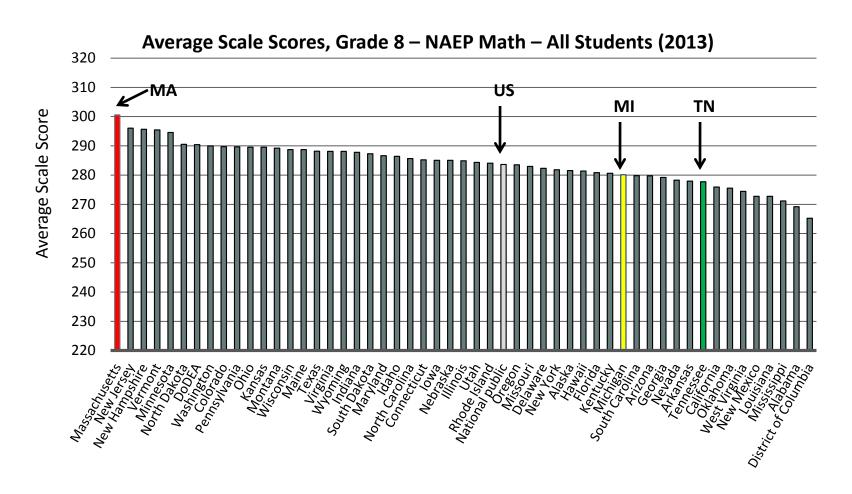
### African-American Students Improving in Math in Leading States

NAEP Grade 8 - Math - African-American



Source: National Center for Education Statistics, State Comparisons Tool

#### Massachusetts leads the nation in math



### What led to Massachusetts' success?

- Major reforms began over twenty years ago in 1993:
  - Rigorous standards, requirements and assessments
  - Regulated high-quality charter development
  - Additional professional development for educators
  - Greater funding equity to schools and districts
- Despite Massachusetts' long history of reform, education remains a priority for state leaders

### **Steadfast Commitment to Education**

- In 2007, Gov. Deval Patrick approved a 10-yr plan to improve education:
  - Greater grade-level alignment of curricula
  - Expanded learning time
  - Equitable funding, especially for special education students
  - Universal Pre-K and full day Kindergarten
- In 2010, legislation expanded proven charter schools and gave superintendents greater leeway to turnaround their worst-performing schools

## Tennessee: Leading the Nation for Student Growth

### **Tennessee: Leading the Nation for Student Growth**

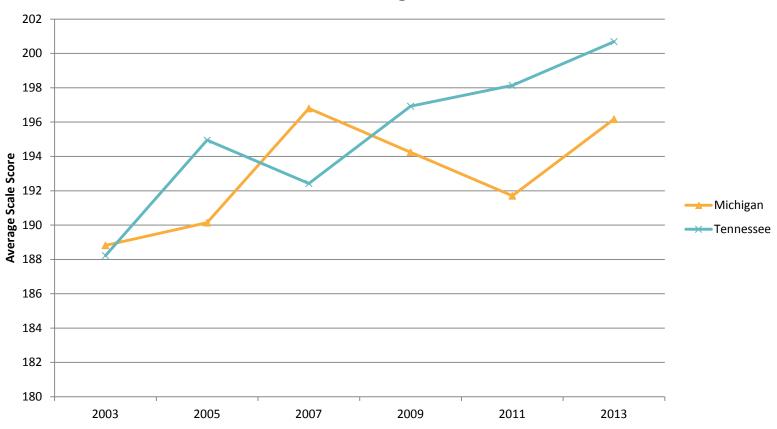
- Tennessee has historically struggled in achievement, with wide gaps among African-American and white students
- But Tennessee has turned a corner, now outperforming Michigan, despite trailing Michigan for years
  - In 2003, Tennessee's rank in fourth-grade math was lower than Michigan's and the state ranked 43<sup>rd</sup> in the country – well below Michigan's ranking of 27<sup>th</sup>.
  - Ten years later, Tennessee ranks 37<sup>th</sup> compared to Michigan's 42<sup>nd</sup> on the 2013 national assessment.

### **Tennessee: Leading the Nation for Student Growth**

- On the 2013 national 8<sup>th</sup> grade reading assessment Tennessee's average score was about six points higher than it was in 2011, for students overall and for low-income students.
- The average score for African-American eighthgraders was 10 points higher in reading in 2013 than in 2011.
  - Equivalent to about an extra year of learning for African-American eighth-graders

### Tennessee African-American Students Outpace MI Over Last Decade

**NAEP Grade 4 – Reading – African American** 

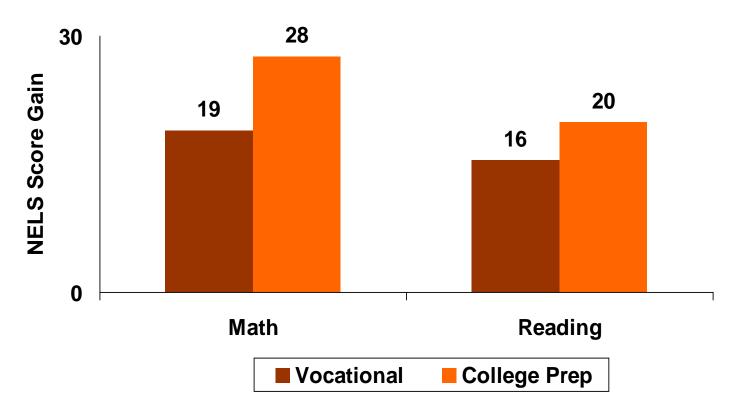


Source: National Center for Education Statistics, State Comparisons Tool

### What led to Tennessee's Recent Success?

- A commitment to educational reform, despite different political parties in the governor's office, produced large growth:
  - One of the nation's first K-12 data systems
  - Pre-K through higher-education (P-20) longitudinal data system
  - Pilot early warning system for at-risk student progress
  - \$517 million increase in school funding in 2007 over three years
  - Over 30,000 educators trained in Common Core standards
  - Development of the state's first system of educator coaching, support, and evaluation

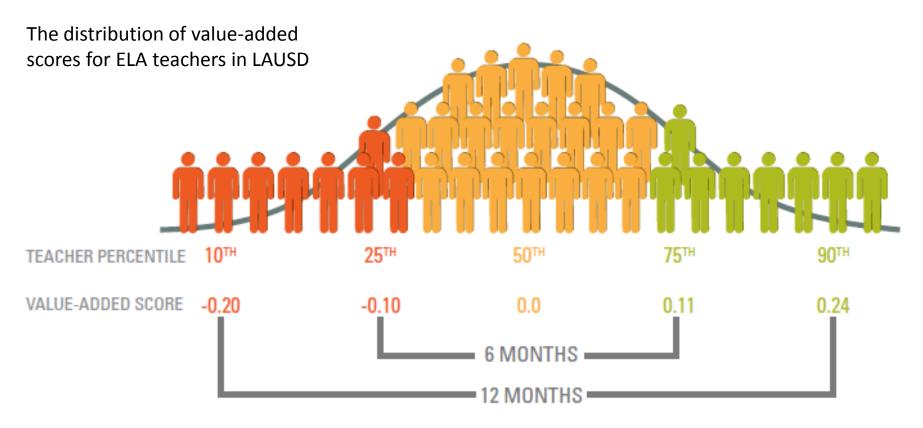
### Low Quartile Students Gain More From College Prep Courses\*



<sup>\*</sup>Grade 8-Grade 12 test score gains based on 8th grade achievement.

Source: USDOE, NCES, Vocational Education in the United States: Toward the Year 2000, in Issue Brief: Students Who Prepare for College and Vocation

### Differences in teacher effectiveness account for large differences in student learning



#### MONTHS OF STUDENT LEARNING

Source: Education Trust – West, "Learning Denied: The Case for Equitable Access to Effective Teaching in California's Largest School District," 2012.

### National Inequities in State and Local Revenue Per Student

	Gap		
High Poverty vs.	<b>-\$773</b>		
Low Poverty Districts	per student		
High Minority vs.	<b>-\$1,122</b>		
Low Minority Districts	per student		

Source: Education Trust analyses based on U.S. Department of Education and U.S. Census Bureau data for the 2005-06 school year.

# Michigan's Progress: The Path to Educational Recovery

### Michigan's Current Progress

- Michigan has taken some important steps forward:
  - Adoption of rigorous college- and career- ready standards
  - Stricter graduation requirements
  - Initial steps toward statewide educator evaluation and support system

### Michigan's Path to Educational Recovery

- Current efforts must be sustained, while others require improvement or action:
  - Effective Teaching and School Leadership
  - High Expectations for All Students
  - Support for All Teachers
  - School Accountability and Support
  - Targeted Investments
  - Empowering Parents and Communities

# Conclusion: We Can Move from Stalled to Soaring

### We Can Move from Stalled to Soaring

- High achieving and high growth states reveal proven strategies that strong investment can produce improved student learning.
- There are positive signs of progress, but Michigan is not yet doing nearly enough.

By making a sustained, comprehensive investment in the strategies we know work, Michigan can get back on track.

## Interested in the latest news and groundbreaking research on Michigan education?

email:

assistant@edtrustmidwest.org

or visit:

edtrustmidwest.org

#### **THANK YOU!**

Contact:

Amber Arellano
Executive Director
<a href="mailto:aarellano@edtrustmidwest.org">aarellano@edtrustmidwest.org</a>

The Education Trust – Midwest (734) 619-8008

